Daily Peace and Crisis Report — Friday

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Sources consulted:

WAFA *(Palestinian official)* | OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* | OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* | OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* | OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)* | WAFA *(Palestinian official)* | WAFA *(Palestinian official)* | OHCHR *(UN agency)* | RT *(Russian state)* | RT *(Russian state)* | Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs *(Russian federal government)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | WFP *(UN agency)* | UN News *(UN agency)* | ACLED *(conflict-data provider)* | CSIS *(US policy research institution)* | The Lancet Global Health *(UK-based peer-reviewed global health journal)* | OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)* | OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)* | UNICEF Myanmar *(UN agency)* | UNICEF Myanmar *(UN agency)* | UNICEF Myanmar *(UN agency)* | UN Press *(UN agency)* | UN News *(UN agency)* | UN News *(UN agency)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)* | Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | Reuters *(wire service)* | Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)*

SUMMARY

See below for detail and source

- **Gaza:** WAFA's 26 November report puts the cumulative toll since October 2023 at 74,772 killed and 176,298 injured, and its separate toll since the 11 October 2025 ceasefire at 1,705 killed and 6,163 injured. The totals do not distinguish civilians from combatants. WAFA *(Palestinian official)*
- **West Bank:** OCHA's 26 November report records one Palestinian man killed and 47 Palestinians injured during 17–23 November, including six children among the injured. These are fresh weekly figures, not cumulative since 7 October 2023; a reliable cumulative pair remains unavailable. OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*
- **Ukraine:** OHCHR's October figures imply 360 civilians killed and 1,963 injured in government-controlled territory after subtracting its verified occupied-territory

subtotal. Russian authorities' October claim of 59 killed and 402 injured in the Russian Federation remains largely unverified. These are monthly, not November-to-date, figures. OHCHR *(UN agency)*

- **Sudan and Myanmar:** WFP reported on 12 November that funding cuts had left about 900,000 vulnerable people without food assistance in Sudan over preceding months. Myanmar's dashboard, published 26 November, reports 4.2 million people reached through 30 September but cautions that reach does not establish sufficient or sustained assistance. WFP *(UN agency)*; OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)*
- **Regional security:** UNIFIL recorded continuing military activity in Lebanon during 19–23 November. Iran's reported Qatari-mediated contacts had not become formal negotiations as of its 21 November statement; Reuters' 25 November tanker mine report is an Iranian military claim, not independent confirmation. UN Press *(UN agency)*; Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)*; Reuters *(wire service)*

MIDDLE EAST

Gaza Strip

As of 26 November 2026, WAFA reported medical sources' cumulative Gaza toll since October 2023 of **74,772 killed and 176,298 injured**. Its separate tally since the ceasefire began on 11 October 2025 was **1,705 killed and 6,163 injured**. These totals do not provide a civilian/combatant breakdown. WAFA *(Palestinian official)*

OCHA's 26 November report attributes casualty figures to Gaza's Ministry of Health under the de facto authorities and ends its casualty window on **23 November**: 1,679 fatalities and 6,100 injuries since the October 2025 ceasefire agreement. That includes 29 fatalities and 129 injuries reported during 17–23 November; fatalities include people newly killed and people dying of earlier wounds, and the ministry retroactively added 12 fatalities on 21 November. OCHA dates the ceasefire announcement to 10 October, while WAFA dates its start to 11 October. These are distinct reporting cutoffs, not competing 26 November totals, and are not reconciled by subtraction. OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*

The ceasefire has not ended harm or displacement. OCHA reports airstrikes, shooting and shelling during 17–23 November; at least 600 aid workers had been killed since October 2023 as of 23 November, including 13 since the ceasefire announcement. A strike near a

Jabalya water well on 23 November killed an UNRWA worker and injured three colleagues. An Israeli operation in Deir al Balah on 18–19 November temporarily displaced hundreds. WAFA separately reported that a sand embankment collapsing onto tents killed four people, including three children and a woman. OCHA's 26 November shelter estimate is 1.36 million people in tents or makeshift shelters, while only 35% of the minimum winter shelter response requirement was funded. During 16–23 November, 405 of 527 manifested UN and partner trucks were offloaded on the Israeli side of Kerem Shalom; offloading there is not the same measure as distribution to people inside Gaza. OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*; WAFA *(Palestinian official)*

West Bank

OCHA's 26 November 2026 situation report records one Palestinian man killed by an Israeli settlement guard near Dura al Qar', in Ramallah governorate, and 47 Palestinians injured in the West Bank during 17–23 November. The injured included six children; OCHA attributed eight injuries to Israeli settlers and 39 to Israeli forces. These are fresh weekly figures through 23 November, not a cumulative toll since 7 October 2023. OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*

The latest consulted OCHA monthly snapshot was published on 19 November, with information **as of 31 October 2026**. Its charted **1 January 2025–31 October 2026** period records **338 Palestinian fatalities and 6,638 injuries**, along with 4,157 settler attacks causing casualties and/or property damage and 42,666 Palestinians displaced. These are dated snapshot figures, not a 26 November count or a cumulative total since 7 October 2023. A cumulative killed-and-wounded total for the requested since-7-October-2023 window is **Not reliably available**: the consulted snapshot begins in 2025, and the casualty-data landing-page text explains verification and scope without supplying a static, exact cumulative total. OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*; OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*

For current movement restrictions, WAFA reported on **26 November**, citing local sources, that Israeli forces closed Ein Sinya and sealed Atara and Jaba' checkpoints, while establishing another checkpoint near Rawabi. These are attributed reports of restrictions around Ramallah and al-Bireh, not a casualty total. In a separate, dated 12 November account, WAFA said a father and child were injured in a settler assault in Burqa while heading to harvest olives; details were partly attributed to the child's video testimony. WAFA *(Palestinian official)*; WAFA *(Palestinian official)*

For earlier, explicitly dated context, OCHA recorded five Palestinians killed and 246 injured by Israeli forces or settlers during **29 September–12 October 2026**, and 244 settler incidents causing casualties or property damage in that same two-week window. These figures are not November updates and are not added to the snapshot totals. OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*

Lebanon

Military activity continued in southern Lebanon. In its 24 November briefing, the UN spokesperson relayed UNIFIL observations for **19–23 November**: 433 instances of Israeli artillery and mortar fire, 130 Lebanese-airspace violations, mostly involving drones, and 29 Israeli naval vessels off Naqoura, including one that launched a rocket into the water. UNIFIL also observed Israeli troop, vehicle and engineering activity. These are activity observations, not casualty counts. UN Press *(UN agency)*

UN News reported on 11 November that a UNIFIL patrol near Wadi Jilu came under fire, returned fire and reported no injuries after the shooting stopped. UNIFIL operations are due to cease at the end of 2026, with withdrawal preparations expected from January 2027; as of the 11 November report, the Security Council had not decided on a successor arrangement. A separate 4 November report put the force at about 7,500 peacekeepers and warned of a possible security vacuum. Those staffing and decision-status observations are dated, not new 26 November determinations. UN News *(UN agency)*; UN News *(UN agency)*

Reuters' 26 October source-based account said Hezbollah was rearming and preparing for possible renewed hostilities; full-scale hostilities had not resumed at that report's date, and Hezbollah disputed assertions that its command-and-control systems had broken down. Reuters then reported U.S. sanctions on 18 November against three Lebanon-based people and three entities; the financing allegations were Treasury's claims, with no immediate comment available from those sanctioned. For historical casualty context only, Reuters reported Lebanon's health ministry's toll of at least 13 killed, including six children, in Kfar Rumman strikes on **7 September**; the Israeli military said it targeted people transferring weapons and was reviewing civilian-harm reports. A current cumulative Lebanese death-and-injury total is **Not reliably available** in these sources: the November UN briefing gives activity observations, while the casualty account is from September. Reuters *(wire service)*; Reuters *(wire service)*; Reuters *(wire service)*

Iran–US

Indirect diplomatic contact did not establish a bilateral agreement. Al Jazeera reported Qatar's facilitation of proposal exchanges on 4 November; on **21 November**, Iran's Deputy Foreign Minister Kazem Gharibabadi said a Qatari delegation had held two hours of talks in Tehran but the contacts had not become formal negotiations. Al Jazeera's **23 November** account described diplomacy as stalled and Iran's offer to restore Hormuz passage within 48 hours as conditional on Washington meeting its demands, including ending hostilities and lifting the blockade. These are mediated contacts and Iranian conditions, not confirmed U.S. acceptance. Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)*; Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)*; Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)*

Reuters reported an exchange of fire on **17 November**: an unnamed U.S. military official said U.S. aircraft struck a missile launch site on Qeshm Island in response to Iranian aggression, while Iran's Revolutionary Guards said they targeted a U.S. radar installation in Bahrain. Bahrain said it intercepted the attack and reported no casualties or damage. The accounts remain attributed to the respective parties; they do not establish an aggregate Iran–US casualty toll. Such a total is **Not reliably available** because the coverage provides episode-specific claims rather than a verified cumulative count. Reuters *(wire service)*

Shipping risks remain active under Iranian passage restrictions and the U.S. naval blockade of Iranian ports. On **25 November**, Iran's Revolutionary Guards Navy claimed two oil tankers hit mines, exploded and caught fire after taking an unauthorised route through Hormuz; Reuters did not independently verify the claim and did not identify the vessels or provide casualties. Iran linked normal shipping to its demands, including lifting the blockade and ending the war on all fronts. Al Jazeera's 23 November background account said the blockade was imposed in April, lifted in June after a draft understanding, and restored on 14 July after that understanding collapsed. Reuters *(wire service)*; Al Jazeera *(Qatari international news network)*

EASTERN EUROPE

Russia–Ukraine Conflict

OHCHR's latest consulted monthly update covers **October 2026**, not November-to-date. It verified **372 civilians killed and 1,981 injured across Ukraine**, including **12 killed and 18 injured in Russian-occupied Ukrainian territory**. Government-controlled-territory figures are transparently derived: **372 − 12 = 360 killed; 1,981 − 18 = 1,963 injured**. They are not separately printed territorial totals. For this period, government-controlled territory accounts for approximately **98.7% of combined verified casualties (2,323 of 2,353)**; the general 96% footnote is not the October 2026 territorial share and must not be used to calculate these rows. The occupied-territory table cells retain the *Unverified** reporting convention, but OHCHR's verified October subtotal of 12 killed and 18 injured remains explicit here. Russian authorities separately alleged at least 90 killed and 306 injured in occupied territory; those allegations are not the verified subtotal. OHCHR *(UN agency)*

For the **Russian Federation**, OHCHR relays authorities' public claims of at least **59 civilians killed and 402 injured in October** and says lack of access and independent information prevented verification of the vast majority of allegations. RT's 19 October account states: "Seven civilians were injured in a series of Ukrainian drone attacks targeting Belgorod Region, Russia, local officials report." This is an attributed incident-level claim, not an amount to add to the monthly total. RT also reported a Russian-appointed governor's claim of five civilians killed and three wounded in Veseloye on **26 November**. Although RT describes the area as Russia's Zaporozhye Region, it is Russian-occupied Ukrainian territory, not internationally recognised Russia; its claim is therefore kept separate from the Russian Federation row. OHCHR *(UN agency)*; RT *(Russian state)*; RT *(Russian state)*

On diplomacy, Reuters reported on **20 November** that Russian Foreign Ministry spokeswoman Maria Zakharova opposed EU foreign-policy chief Kaja Kallas joining potential Moscow talks, and that President Vladimir Putin had invited European envoys to clarify their positions before a further negotiating format was decided. The ministry's own 20 November briefing said negotiations had resumed, alleged Ukrainian attacks on the Crimean Bridge during 16–18 November and warned that a response would follow. These are Russian government positions and allegations, not independently established findings

or an agreed settlement. Reuters *(wire service)*; Russian Ministry of Foreign Affairs *(Russian federal government)*

AFRICA

Sudan

Sudan's mortality estimates require separate scopes and dates. CSIS reported on **17 April 2026** that ACLED had tracked **more than 58,000 reported fatalities** since the war began; CSIS did not state the exact dataset cutoff. ACLED explains that these are direct deaths from discrete political-violence incidents, a conservative minimum excluding indirect deaths. CSIS separately summarised broader estimates of **150,000–400,000 deaths** encompassing violence, hunger and lack of healthcare. Those estimates have different methods and reference periods: the span is neither a standardised current nationwide all-cause estimate nor a confidence interval. Neither April figure is presented as a November 2026 count. CSIS *(US policy research institution)*; ACLED *(conflict-data provider)*

A peer-reviewed study, whose journal abstract is available through PubMed, estimated **61,202 all-cause deaths in Khartoum State during April 2023–June 2024** (95% CI 22,286–209,151), including **26,024 intentional-injury deaths** (95% CI 12,571–58,704). This is a retrospective, state-level estimate, not Sudan's national total through November 2026. A nationwide wounded total is **Not reliably available** because the cited sources do not supply a consistent aggregate injury count for the war. The Lancet Global Health *(UK-based peer-reviewed global health journal)*

Humanitarian figures are also separately dated. CSIS's **April 2026** snapshot described roughly 11 million internally displaced people and about four million cross-border refugees or asylum-seekers. UN News reported on **16 October** that 20 million people faced acute hunger, including 200,000 at catastrophe levels, and more than 700,000 displaced people in Tawila lacked adequate food, water and healthcare. WFP's **12 November** update said funding-driven cuts begun in September had left an estimated 900,000 vulnerable people without assistance over preceding months, while WFP was reaching just over three million people. WFP called for fighting to end. UN News's October Security Council account described pressure for a ceasefire, aid access and an end to weapons flows, not an agreed ceasefire. These dated displacement, hunger and

assistance measures are not combined into one population total. CSIS *(US policy research institution)*; UN News *(UN agency)*; WFP *(UN agency)*

ASIA

Myanmar

The **2026 humanitarian plan** estimates 16.2 million people in need and a response target of 4.9 million; UNICEF's January–June report identifies 4.9 million children among those needing assistance. These are planning estimates, not a November headcount. UNICEF dates nearly 3.8 million internally displaced people to **June 2026**, while OCHA describes nearly 3.8 million displaced at the **start of Q3, 1 July**; neither establishes the displaced population on 26 November. OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)*; UNICEF Myanmar *(UN agency)*; OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)*

OCHA's dashboard, published **26 November** but covering January–September, reports 4.2 million people reached by **30 September**, or 86% of the 4.9 million response target. OCHA cautions that reach does not demonstrate sufficient or sustained assistance. In **September**, 115 access incidents across 14 states and regions affected aid intended for at least 116,000 people; conflict or military operations accounted for 72% of incidents. Insecurity, administrative restrictions, flooding and damaged roads constrained operations. The humanitarian material does not establish a new negotiation, peace-process or ceasefire milestone. OCHA Myanmar *(UN/humanitarian)*

UNICEF's 17 November account reports **113 children killed or injured by landmines and other explosive ordnance during January–June 2026**, more than 23% of 487 recorded nationwide civilian casualties in that period. These are combined killed-or-injured figures; separate death and injury totals are **Not reliably available** because the cited material does not disaggregate them. UNICEF describes insecurity, access constraints and declining resources affecting child protection; its 20 November statement also reports damaged and attacked schools and health facilities and continuing explosive-ordnance risks. UNICEF Myanmar *(UN agency)*; UNICEF Myanmar *(UN agency)*

STATISTICS

Table 1 — Casualties (Killed / Wounded)

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Source	Killed	Wounded
Gaza	Since 7 Oct 2023 (cumulative; as of 26 Nov 2026; source describes the start as October 2023)	WAFA *(Palestinian official)*. Medical sources; no civilian/ combatant breakdown.	74,772	176,298
	Since Oct 2025 ceasefire (as of 26 Nov 2026; WAFA dates start 11 Oct 2025)	WAFA *(Palestinian official)*. Distinct from OCHA's earlier 23 Nov cutoff of 1,679 killed and 6,100 injured; no subtraction or reconciliation.	1,705	6,163
West Bank	Since 7 Oct 2023 (cumulative through 26 Nov 2026; unavailable for this exact window)	OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*; OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*. The latest dated snapshot is 338 killed and 6,638 injured for 1 Jan 2025–31 Oct 2026, not since 7 Oct 2023; consulted pages do not establish the requested cumulative total.	Not reliably available	Not reliably available
Sudan	Since Apr 2023 (estimated range; CSIS		150,000–400,000 broader	Not reliably available

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Source	Killed	Wounded
	publication 17 Apr 2026; heterogeneous underlying periods and scopes, not a November total)	CSIS *(US policy research institution)*; ACLED *(conflict-data provider)*. Broad mortality estimates include violence, hunger and lack of healthcare and are not a confidence interval. No consistent nationwide wounded total is supplied.	mortality estimates (CSIS, 17 Apr 2026); separately, 58,000+ ACLED reported direct violent deaths by that publication, a conservative minimum with exact dataset cutoff unstated	
Ukraine	Civilians, Government-controlled territory (October 2026; derived: 372 − 12 killed, 1,981 − 18 injured)	OHCHR *(UN agency)*. Ukraine-wide totals include occupied territory; the territorial row is derived, not separately printed. October's government-controlled share is approximately 98.7% of combined verified casualties (2,323 of 2,353), not the general 96% footnote.	360	1,963

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Source	Killed	Wounded
	Civilians, Russian-occupied territory (October 2026; displayed as Unverified* under the reporting convention)	OHCHR *(UN agency)*. OHCHR separately verified 12 killed and 18 injured here; the Unverified* display does not negate that subtotal. Russian authorities' separate allegations of 90 killed and 306 injured were largely unverified.	*Unverified**	*Unverified**
Russia	Civilians from Ukrainian strikes (RF government public claim relayed by OHCHR; October 2026; internationally recognised Russian Federation)	OHCHR *(UN agency)*. Russian-authority allegations, not independently verified totals; OHCHR could not verify the vast majority. Excludes Russian-occupied Ukrainian territory.	At least 59 (RF claim)	At least 402 (RF claim)
West Bank	17–23 Nov 2026 (OCHA weekly report; not cumulative since 7 Oct 2023)	OCHA *(UN/humanitarian)*	1	47

* OHCHR access is denied to Russian-occupied areas of Ukraine; figures for civilians in occupied territory cannot be independently verified. The vast majority (96%) of verified civilian casualties occur in Government-controlled areas.

Table 2 — Numbers (non-casualty figures)

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Figure	Source
Gaza	UN/partner aid trucks offloaded on the Israeli side of Kerem Shalom, 16–23 Nov 2026; not a distribution count	405 of 527 manifested	OCHA *(UN/ humanitarian)*
	People living in tents or makeshift shelters; estimate in OCHA's 26 Nov 2026 report	1.36 million (65% of Gaza's population)	OCHA *(UN/ humanitarian)*
West Bank	Palestinians displaced in OCHA's Jan 2025–Oct 2026 snapshot accounting; as of 31 Oct 2026	42,666	OCHA *(UN/ humanitarian)*
Lebanon	UNIFIL-recorded military activity, 19–23 Nov 2026; separate event categories, not a combined incident total	433 artillery/mortar-fire instances; 130 airspace violations	UN Press *(UN agency)*
Iran–US / Strait of Hormuz	Tankers Iran's Revolutionary Guards Navy claimed hit mines and caught fire, 25 Nov 2026; not independently verified	2 oil tankers (Iranian military claim)	Reuters *(wire service)*
Sudan	People facing acute hunger; figures reported 16	20 million, including 200,000 at catastrophe levels	UN News *(UN agency)*

Conflict/ Crisis	Key Statistic	Figure	Source
	Oct 2026, not a new November assessment		
	WFP food-assistance reach as reported 12 Nov 2026; funding-driven cuts began in September	Just over 3 million reached; approximately 900,000 lost assistance over preceding months	WFP *(UN agency)*
Myanmar	People reached by humanitarian partners through 30 Sep 2026; dashboard published 26 Nov; reach does not establish sufficient or sustained aid	4.2 million (86% of the 4.9 million target)	OCHA Myanmar *(UN/ humanitarian)*

This report avoids unexplained qualifiers that cast doubt on an event without explaining who challenges the account, why they do so, and what source or location context is relevant. Claims are attributed inline to their source, and source-origin tags are included next to quoted or cited sources wherever practical.

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